ANTIQUARIAAT



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It's our pleasure to present a new short list on Latin America, consisting of 12 rare books, manuscripts and broadsides from the period between 1730 and 1886.

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Latin America



Uito Santo em Christo Padre, e Muito Bemaventurado Senhor. O vosso devoto, e obediente Filho D. Joseph por graça de Deos, Rey de Portugal, e dos Algarves dáquem, e dálem mar; em Africa, Senhor de Guiné, e da Conquista, Nave-

detailing the first stages of the expulsion of The Society of Jesus



A publication of 21 Portuguese documents, plus 1 handwritten addition,

BENEDICT XIV (Pope), CLEMENT XIII (Pope), King JOSÉ I of Portugal. Collecção dos breves Pontificios e leys regias, que forao expedidos, e publicadas desde o anno de 1741, sobre a liberdade das pessoas, bens e commercio dos Indios do Brasil ... [Lisbon], Secretaria de estado, [1759]. Folio (21.3 x 30.5 cm).

Published by special order of King José I of Portugal, this book was intended to explain and defend the expulsion, citing the Jesuits' control over the affairs of the indigenous population of Brazil (the "Indios do Brasil") and their alleged involvement in the "horroroso insulto de 3 de Setembro do anno de 1758". This September Insult is a reference to the Távora Affair, the attempted assassination of King José I, which resulted in the execution of the entire Távora family. More information and images.

[BROADSIDE - MEXICO].

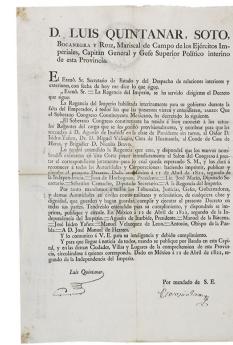
[Drop title:] D. Jose Antonio de Andrade, Baldomar, Herrera y Lopez de Salces, Mariscal de Campo de los Ejércitos Imperiales, ... [Mexico, 31 October 1822]. Ca. 43.5 x 30.7 cm.

Highly important, but unrecorded edict that dissolved the Mexican Congress on the 31st of October 1822, effective immediately. The publication states the emperor's reasons for his decision, and six consequences, including the establishment of a National Institutional Junta to replace Congress. This edict ultimately led to the end of the first Mexican Empire, and the start of the first Mexican Republic. Although other Mexican edicts from the same time period are known, we have not been able to find the present one, which is of significant historical importance, anywhere else.

More information and images.

el Decrete del Soberand Conquer conviruyence elemicano en g. seclara haved seniado a trien exonerad a los acuales flegentecos del cargo que le la confii promicionalmente y non had para que le conficion de la conficiente en la Clare de Presidente sin luma an la conficiente de cara de Herres, y Brigadiad de Ariolas Deave. **Exceptionally rare decree, establishing the Second Regency of the**

Mexican Empire [BROADSIDE - MEXICO].



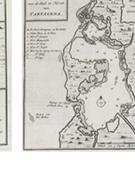
Bocanegra y Ruiz, Mariscal de Campo de los Ejércitos Imperiales, Capitan General y Gefe SUperior Político inerino de esta Provincia ... [Mexico, 12 April 1822]. Ca. 43.5 x 31.3 cm. Important, but unrecorded, decree, establishing the Second Regency of the Mexican Empire on

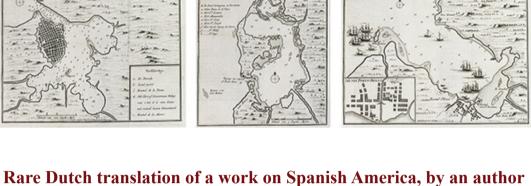
the 11th of April 1822. The decree, signed by

[Drop title:] D. Luis Quintanar, Soto,

the Mexican politician José Luis de Quintanar (1772-1837) and effective immediately, names the members of the Second Regency, and asks them to go to the Congress Hall to take their oath. This transition set the stage for the president of the Regency, Agustín the Iturbide (1783-1824) to rise to power and become the first emperor of Mexico a few weeks later. Despite its importance, however, we have not been able to find other copies of the present decree in either sales records or any of the prominent Mexican pamphlet collections. More information and images.



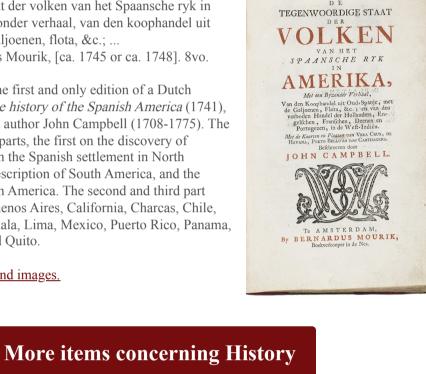




who could drink "thirteen bottles of port at a sitting" CAMPBELL, John. De tegenwoordige staat der volken van het Spaansche ryk in

Amerika, met een byzonder verhaal, van den koophandel uit Oud-Spanje, met de galjoenen, flota, &c.; ... Amsterdam, Bernardus Mourik, [ca. 1745 or ca. 1748]. 8vo. Rare second issue of the first and only edition of a Dutch translation of A concise history of the Spanish America (1741),

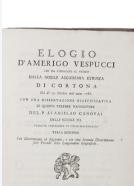
by the prolific Scottish author John Campbell (1708-1775). The work is divided into 4 parts, the first on the discovery of America, the second on the Spanish settlement in North America, the third a description of South America, and the fourth on the trade with America. The second and third part contain chapters on Buenos Aires, California, Charcas, Chile, Cuba, Florida, Guatemala, Lima, Mexico, Puerto Rico, Panama, Tucuman Province and Quito. More information and images.





RE singolari osservazioni, l'una che dobbiamo al rinomato Keplero, l'altra che si legge nel dot-to Kircher, e la terza che io medesimo ho fatta da pochi giorni, mi suggeriscono, Vir-tuosi Accademici, l'importante argomento di cui vengo oggi a ragionarvi. **Columbus or Vespucci: who discovered America?**

CANOVAI, Père Stanislao.



[Modena], 1790. 3 parts in 1 volume. 4to. Rare third enlarged edition of this prize-winning eulogy on Amerigo Vespucci, hailing him as the true discoverer of the continent that was to take his name. The eulogy was held at the famous Accademia Etrusca di

Elogio d'Amerigo Vespucci che ha riportato il premio della nobile Accademia Etrusca di Cortona nel dì 15. Ottobre dell'anno 1788. ...

proving that Vespucci discovered America. In relation to a later edition of this work, Sabin says that "It is hardly possible to understand how the calumnies against Amerigo, which have so long been taught in every school, could have, for many years, survived this excellent refutation." More information and images.

Cortona on 15 October 1788. It states that Columbus was an impostor, ever fooled by visions of Asia and India. The author devoted his life to

Cantata perifraz del Tragala, perro foma los niendas CORO. De in govienno

Y la corona

First Mexican Empire (1822-1823) **EL RUSTICO ANFRISO [= Mariano** BARAZÁBAL?]. Ramilletito alegorico de flores poeticas que de

"A bouquet of poetic flowers" for the newly crowned Emperor of the

Emperador, .. [Mexico City], Mexico, Imprenta Imperial del Señor Valdés [= Alejandro Valdés y Téllez Girón], 1822. 22 x 16.2 cm. Rare pamphlet of politically themed poems written and published on the occasion of the coronation of Agustín de Iturbide as the first Emperor of Mexico. The author, a certain "El Rustico Anfriso" who is sometimes identified as Mariano Barazábal (1772-?), gathered these "poetic flowers" from his "little garden" in order to humbly offer them to the new emperor. The present work is deeply subjective and full of flattery - presenting Agustín I as a divinely anointed figure who played a righteous and allimportant role in the Mexican War of Independence.

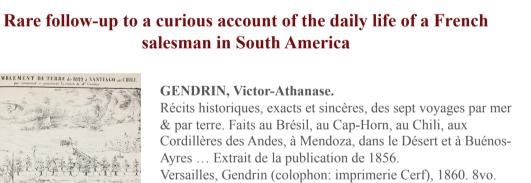
su simple huertecillo ofrece á nuestro amado

More information and images.









Presentation copy of a rare publication, presented as an extract from Gendrin's Récit historique, exact et sincère, par mer et par terre, de quatre voyages ... published in Versailles 1856. About

introduction, a poem by Dorlin Père, the author's portrait and 8 plates), but the other half is newly included here: 36 pages with lithographed reproductions of letters received after the 1856

half of the material is taken from the 1856 edition (the

More items concerning Military History

publication.

CHOLERA-MORBO An extremely rare piece of Brazilian medical history

PARA PREVENIR, E TRATAR

More information and images.

ao provedor, e irmandade da Santa Casa de Misericordia. GUIA MEDICA Santos, Typographia commercial de G. Delius, 1855. O CHOLERA-MORBO Incredibly rare medical guide to prevent and treat cholera morbo (cholera morbus). Apart from the present copy, no other copies

More information and images.

Guia medica para prevenir, e tratar o cholera-morbo offerecida

have appeared on the market in the last century and only two other copies are held institutionally, one in the United Kingdom (the Wellcome Library) and one in the United States (Cornell

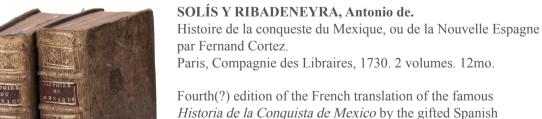
MOUTINHO DOS SANTOS, Joaquim.

University).

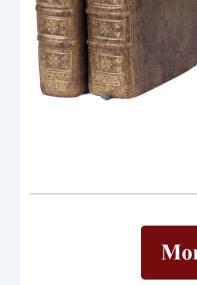


Natural

history



temples, customs, etc.



historical knowledge and his taste for letters, Solis was invited to become secretary to Philip IV, and in 1666 he was charged with the important function of *cronista mayor*, historiographer for the Indies and began working on the present publication. It covers in detail the three years following Cortés's conquests of what is now Mexico, mentioning many battles and shifts in power and describing the native inhabitants and their cities,

historian Antonio de Solís y Ribadeneyra (1610-1686), originally published in Madrid in 1684. Renowned for his

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